

## Part 1

Confirm

$$Y_{121, 121}^{[2, 1]} = e + (13) - (12) - (123).$$

$[2, 1] \triangleq$ 


. Then fill in 121 and get 

1	3
2	

.

$$\text{Now } Y_{121}^{[2, 1]} = P_{121}^{[2, 1]} Q_{121}^{[2, 1]}$$

Compute horizontal subgroups for  $P_{121}$ :

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 1 & 3 \\ \hline 2 & \\ \hline \end{array} \rightsquigarrow \begin{array}{l} \{e, (13)\} \\ \{e\} \end{array} = e + (13)$$

Now vertical subgroups for  $Q_{121}$ :

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 1 & 3 \\ \hline 2 & \\ \hline \end{array} \rightsquigarrow \{e, (12)\} \text{ and } \{e\}. = [e - (12)]e = e - (12)$$

Now form the product.

$$\begin{aligned} [e + (13)][e - (12)] &= e - (12) + (13) - (13)(12) \\ &= e - (12) + (13) - (123) \end{aligned}$$

Okay, this checks out. I will skip the next part because I expect this to work similarly. Next is the transfer permutation.

$$\begin{aligned}
\sigma_{211, 121} \gamma_{121, 121}^{[2, 1]} \sigma_{121, 211} &= (23) [e + (13) - (12) - (123)] (23)^{-1} \\
&= [(23) + (123) - (132) - (13)] (23) \\
&= e + (12) - (13) - (132) = \gamma_{211}^{[2, 1]}
\end{aligned}$$

This works.

## Part 2

It looks like a straight application of cycle multiplication. I will skip this, I would rather be interested in the meaning of those terms.